

UNIVERSITÉ DE FRIBOURG UNIVERSITÄT FREIBURG

#### 05 March 2024

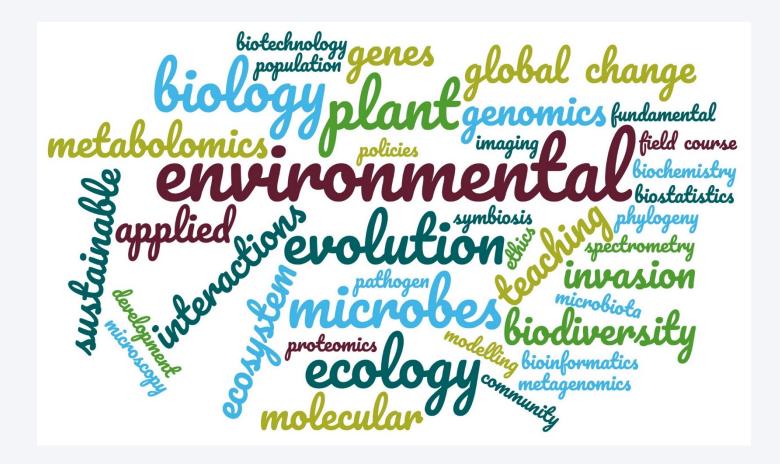
# MASTER IN ENVIRONMENTAL BIOLOGY

# Masterdays

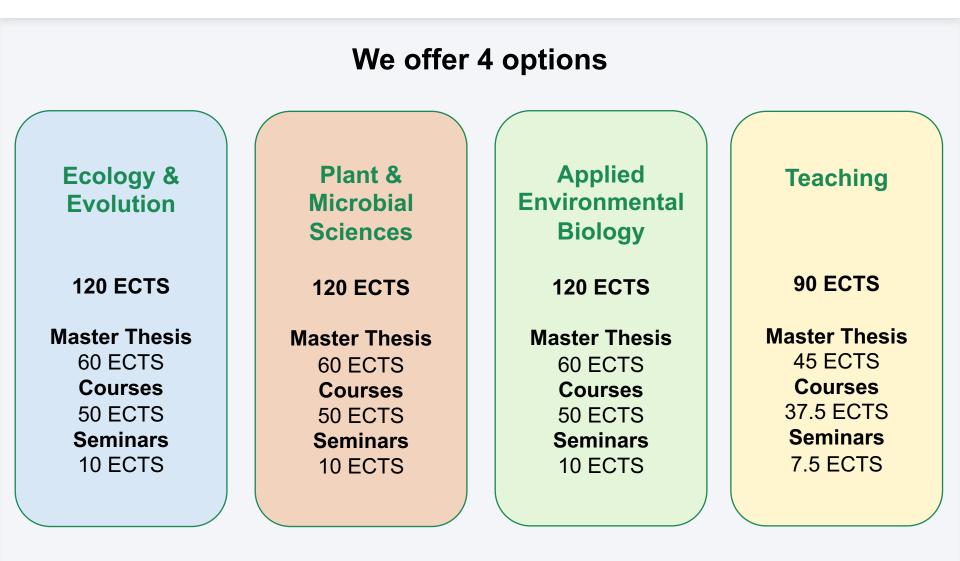
Laure Weisskopf



## " From genes to ecosystems "









#### **Ecology & Evolution**

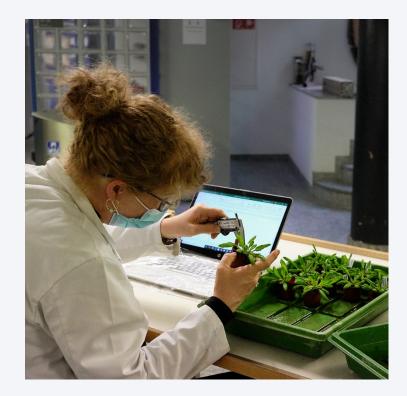
- Community ecology
- Population and evolutionary dynamics
- Evolutionary and ecological genomics
- Ecological field course
- Biostatistics
- Modelling
- Bioinformatics (in collaboration with the MSc in Bioinformatics & Computational Biology)





#### **Plant & Microbial Sciences**

- Plant biotechnology
- Symbiosis: how plants and microbes communicate
- Methods in plant pathogen
  interactions
- Structure and functions of hostassociated microbiota
- Microbial metabolism and genetics
- Proteomics, metabolomics, microscopy (in collaboration with the MSc in Molecular Life & Health Sciences)



#### **Applied Environmental Biology**

- Global change
- Invasion biology
- Ecological field course
- Biostatistics
- Principal of environmental ethics & Issues of sustainable development (in collaboration with the MSc Environmental Sciences & Humanities)





#### Teaching

- Core courses from the 3 research options
- Appropriate for students who are interested in becoming teachers at the secondary level II
- The students taking this option will need to complement the 90 ECTS with 30 ECTS from other programs



#### We are 13 research groups



Pierre-Marie Allard



Sven Bacher



Louis-Félix Bersier



**Thomas Flatt** 



Markus Geisler



Ora Hazak



Gregor Kozlowski



Christian Parisod



Stefanie Ranf



Didier Reinhardt



Rudolf Rohr



Daniele Silvestro



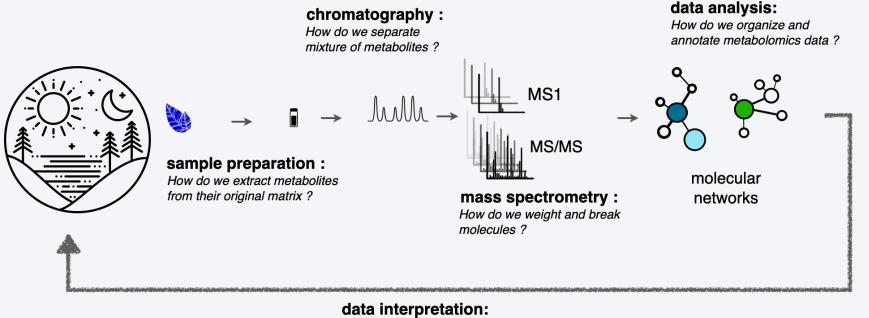
Laure Weisskopf

## How do we characterize metabolomes ?

- What is a metabolite ? What is a metabolome ? What is metabolomics ?
- Practically, how do we acquire, process and interpret metabolomics data ?



Pierre-Marie Allard



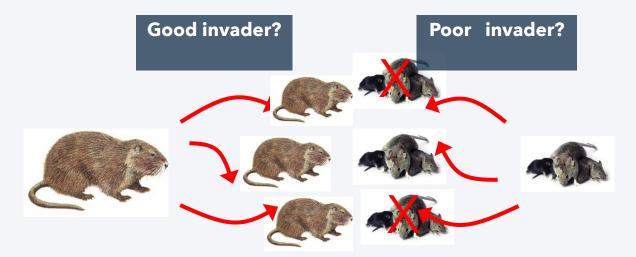
How do we put everything back in context ?

## **Fundamental questions about biodiversity**

- How many species are there?
- Which species are becoming extinct?
- Which species become invasive?
- Which species become pests?



Sven Bacher



### How do ecological networks work?





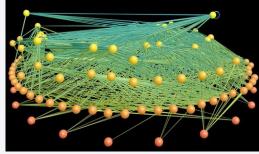
Plant-pollinator interactions



**Predator-prey interactions** 

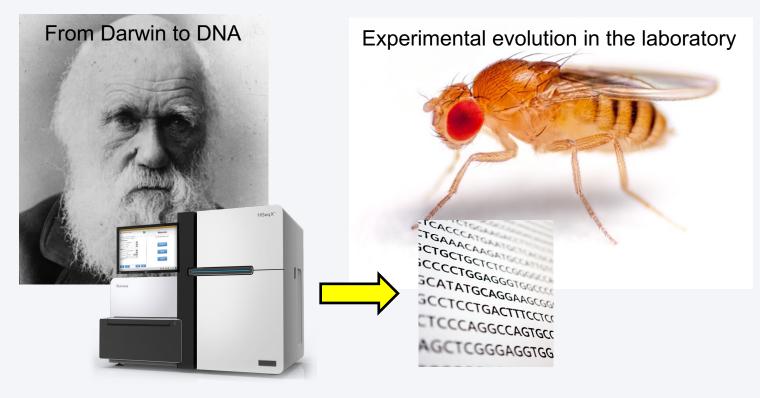


Louis-Félix Bersier





## How do species adapt to their environment?



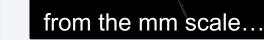
- What molecular changes happen during evolution?
- How do characteristics of organisms change when they adapt?



**Thomas Flatt** 

# How is plant development regulated on a molecular level ?





5 d

- How do plant hormone transporters work?
- How are they regulated?
- Are they different to mammalian ones?



... to the nm scale.

## **Fundamental questions of conservation biology**

- How to stop or slow down the extinction crisis?
- What is the value and importance of biodiversity?
- What are species responses to manmade global changes?
- How to determine conservation priorities?



Gregor Kozlowski



Arctic and alpine plants and global warming



Mediterranean ecosystems and overbrowsing

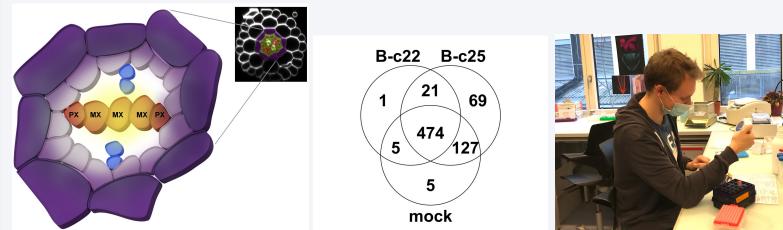


Relict trees and conservation priorities

## How do small signaling peptides shape a plant?

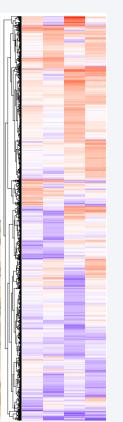


- Which plant cells produce active peptides?
- Which receptors bind specific peptide ligands?
- How does a peptide activate downstream signaling?
- Which plant adaptations are mediated by peptides?





Ora Hazak



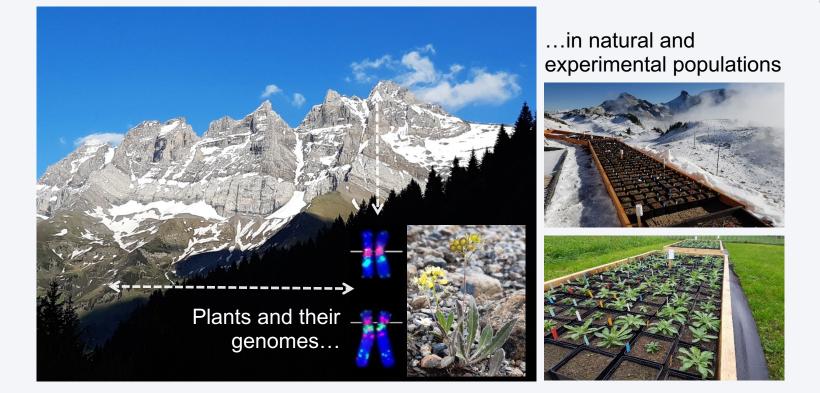
UNIVERSITY OF FRIBOURG FACULTY OF SCIENCE AND MEDICINE DEPARTMENT OF BIOLOGY UNI Fr

## How do new plant species evolve ?

- What is the impact of genome changes on adaptation and speciation ?
- How do sessile plants respond to environmental changes ?



Christian Parisod



## **Molecular plant-microbe interactions**

- How does the plant immune system control microbial colonisation?
- How do microbes deal with plant immune responses?
- How can we exploit plant immunity for sustainable plant protection?



Stefanie Ranf

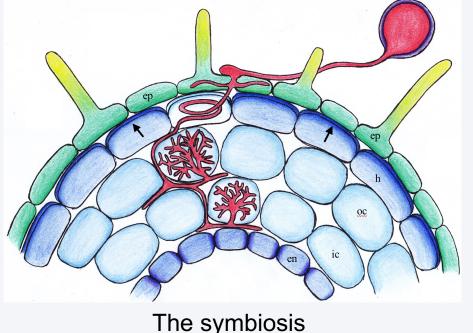


# How do plants and their microbial symbiontsThe fungusget along with each other?



Didier Reinhardt





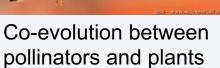
The host plant

- How do bacterial and fungal symbionts enter and colonize the roots?
- How is symbiosis established without triggering an immune reaction in the plant?

## How do species co-evolve?

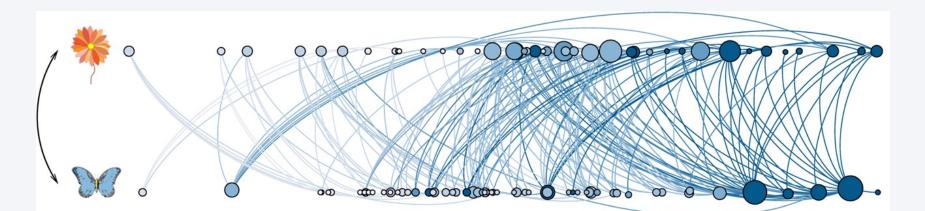
- How do interactions between species influence ecological networks?
- How does coevolution influence biodiversity?







Rudolf Rohr



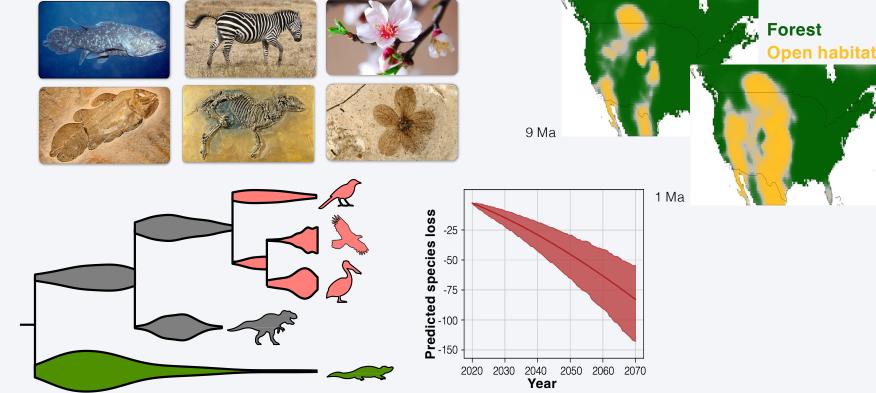
UNIVERSITY OF FRIBOURG FACULTY OF SCIENCE AND MEDICINE DEPARTMENT OF BIOLOGY UNI FR

## How does biodiversity change over time?

- How do new species arise? Why do they become extinct?
- Why are certain groups of organisms more species-rich than others?



Daniele Silvestro



### What are plant-associated microbes doing?

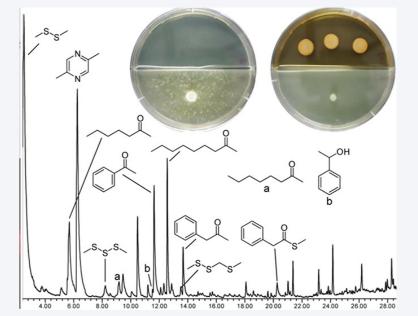
- How do microbes communicate ?
- How do beneficial bacteria protect plant health ?
- Can we use these beneficial microbes as alternative to pesticides ?

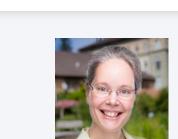


UNIVERSITY OF FRIBOURG

DEPARTMENT OF BIOLOGY

FACULTY OF SCIENCE AND MEDICINE



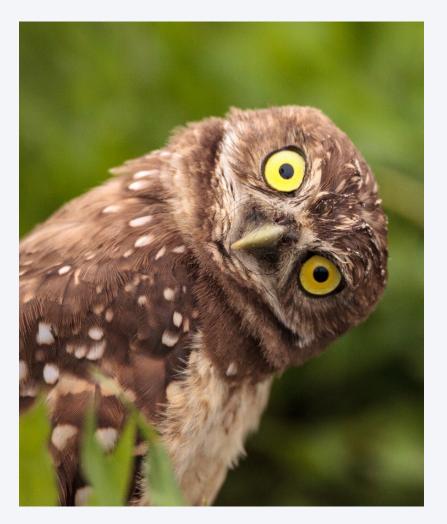


Laure Weisskopf

#### What can you do with this master degree?

- go into academic research in life and environmental sciences (PhD studies)
- become a **teacher** with broad knowledge and skills
- work in **industry** (agronomy, microbiology, biotechnology, ...)
- work for **nature preservation** offices, NGOs or private foundations
- work at **federal research institutes** and offices (Agroscope, FiBL, WSL, HAFL, HEPIA, BAFU, BLW, etc...)
- start your own business

## **Questions ?**



#### Visit our webpage:

https://www.unifr.ch/bio/en/studies/master/

#### **Contact:**

Prof. Laure Weisskopf
 <u>laure.weisskopf@unifr.ch</u>

#### Study advisor:

 Dr. Alessandro Puoti <u>alessandro.puoti@unifr.ch</u>

